## Stability of linear switched impulsive systems with unstable subsystems

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We consider a Cauchy problem for a linear switched impulsive system [1]

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = A_{\sigma(t)}x(t), \quad t \in (\tau_k, \tau_{k+1}),$$

$$\Delta x(t) = B_{\sigma(t)}x(t), \quad t = \tau_k, \quad x(t_0) = x_0,$$
(1)

where  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $\sigma(t)$  is a left continuous piecewise constant function which values belonging to the finite set  $\{1, \ldots, N\}$ ,  $A_m \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $m = 1, \ldots, N$ ,  $\{\tau_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty} \subset \mathbb{R}$  is an increasing sequence of moments of impulsive action having a single concentration point at infinity,  $t_0 < \tau_1$ ,  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $\Delta x(t) = x(t+0) - x(t)$ ,  $B_m \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $m = 1, \ldots, N$ .

Let us define the structural sets of the linear impulsive system  $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \ldots, A_N\}, \mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \ldots, B_N\}$ . With each pair of matrices  $(A_m, B_m) \in \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{B}$  we will associate a positive number  $\theta_m$  (residence time), so if  $\sigma(\tau_k) = m$ , then  $\tau_{k+1} - \tau_k = \theta_m$ . The triple  $(A_m, B_m, \theta_m)$  defines the subsystem of the hybrid system (1)

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = A_m z(t), \quad t \neq k\theta_m,$$

$$\Delta z(t) = B_m z(t), \quad t = k\theta_m, \quad z(t_0) = z_0.$$
(2)

Note that the system (1) is not assumed to be periodic, so Floquet's theory is not applicable in this case.

We propose a new method for studying the stability of the hybrid system (1) for the case when all the matrices of the set  $\mathcal{A}$  do not satisfy the Routh-Hurwitz condition, matrices from  $\mathcal{B}$  do not satisfy the Schur's condition, and the subsystems (2) are all unstable. The proposed method of investigation is based on the ideas of commutator calculus [2].

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